# **Plan Business Analysis Approach**

## Reference (Guidelines and Tools)

The following resources, if they exist, can be used to transform the inputs into the outputs:

- Business Analysis Performance Assessment from previous initiatives;
- Business Policies;
- Expert Judgment;
- Methodologies and Frameworks;
- Stakeholder Engagement Approach.

### Task Inputs and Outputs



A defined business analysis approach that

Typically involves sponsors, project managers, domain subject matter experts, regulators, and

includes planned activities, tasks, and

any additional stakeholders identified.

Solution

deliverables.

Stakeholder

# **Purpose or Need**

To define an appropriate method to conduct business analysis activities.

#### Value

Ensure the efficient performance of all business analysis activities with a stakeholder-supported approach.



#### Techniques

Frequently used techniques:

- Business Cases;
- Financial Analysis;
- Functional Decomposition;
- Item Tracking;
- Risk Analysis and Management.

Refer to the **BABOK Guide v3** for the complete list of techniques.



# **Description of Change**

Plan Business Analysis Approach describes the overall method that will be followed when performing business analysis work, what business analysis tasks will be performed, how and when business analysis tasks will be performed, and the business analysis deliverables that will be produced.

#### Consider...

Plan Business Analysis Approach provides a plan to follow in business analysis activities.

This task is equally important for an adaptive approach. Shorter-term execution steps are planned and aligned with what needs to be created during each iteration. This means repeating planning activities during each iteration and focusing on near-term delivery goals.

See Guide to Product Ownership Analysis – Sec 4.3 POA and Agile Planning Horizons

Certifications: ECBA, CCBA, CBAP – Refer to the BABOK<sup>®</sup> Guide for study purposes

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